

SPLIT-TYPE, HEAT PUMP AIR CONDITIONERS SPLIT-TYPE, AIR CONDITIONERS

July 2014

No. OCH453 REVISED EDITION-A

SERVICE MANUAL





INDOOR UNIT

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PARTS CATALOG (OCB453)

Mr.SLIM™

TECHNICAL CHANGES

Service ref. have been changed as follows.

PKA-RP35HAL -> PKA-RP35HALR1

PKA-RP50HAL -> PKA-RP50HALR1

• S/W (for dual set temperature) has been changed.

1 REFERENCE MANUAL

OUTDOOR UNIT'S SERVICE MANUAL

Model Name	Service Ref.	Service Manual No.
PUHZ-RP35/50/60/71VHA4 PUHZ-RP100/125/140VKA PUHZ-RP100/125/140/200/250YKA	PUHZ-RP35/50/60/71VHA4 PUHZ-RP100/125/140VKA PUHZ-RP100/125/140/200/250YKA	OCH451 OCB451
PU(H)-P71/100VHA PU(H)-P71/100/125/140YHA	PU(H)-P71/100VHA#2.UK PU(H)-P71/100/125/140YHA#2.UK	OC379
PUHZ-P100/125/140VHA3R2	PUHZ-P100/125/140VHA3R2.UK	OCH415/OCB415
PUHZ-P200/250YHA3	PUHZ-P200/250YHA3	OCH424/OCB424
PUHZ-HRP71/100VHA2 PUHZ-HRP100/125YHA2	PUHZ-HRP71/100VHA2 PUHZ-HRP100/125YHA2	OCH425 OCB425
PUHZ-ZRP35/50VKA	PUHZ-ZRP35/50VKAR1(-ER)	OCH527/OCB527

SAFETY PRECAUTION

2-1. ALWAYS OBSERVE FOR SAFETY

Before obtaining access to terminal, all supply circuits must be disconnected.

2-2. CAUTIONS RELATED TO NEW REFRIGERANT

Cautions for units utilising refrigerant R410A

Use new refrigerant pipes.

In case of using the existing pipes for R22, be careful with the following:

- · For RP100, 125 and 140, be sure to perform replacement operation before test run.
- · Change flare nut to the one provided with this product. Use a newly flared pipe.
- Avoid using thin pipes.

Make sure that the inside and outside of refrigerant piping is clean and it has no contamination such as sulfur hazardous for use, oxides, dirt, shaving particles, etc.

In addition, use pipes with specified thickness.

Contamination inside refrigerant piping can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Store the piping indoors, and both ends of the piping sealed until just before brazing. (Leave elbow joints, etc. in their packaging.)

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

The refrigerant oil applied to flare and flange connections must be ester oil, ether oil or alkylbenzene oil in a small amount.

If large amount of mineral oil enters, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Charge refrigerant from liquid phase of gas cylinder.

If the refrigerant is charged from gas phase, composition change may occur in refrigerant and the efficiency will be lowered.

Do not use refrigerant other than R410A.

If other refrigerant (R22, etc.) is used, chlorine in refrigerant can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

[1] Cautions for service

- (1) Perform service after recovering the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the cycle with specified amount of refrigerant.

[2] Additional refrigerant charge

When charging directly from cylinder

- · Check that cylinder for R410A on the market is a syphon type.
- (4) When performing service, install a filter drier simultaneously.
- Be sure to use a filter drier for new refrigerant.

· Charging should be performed with the cylinder of syphon stood vertically. (Refrigerant is charged from liquid phase.)

3

Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.

Vacuum pump oil may flow back into refrigerant cycle and that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil, etc.

Use the following tools specifically designed for use with R410A refrigerant.

The following tools are necessary to use R410A refrigerant.

Tools for R410A					
Gauge manifold	Flare tool				
Charge hose	Size adjustment gauge				
Gas leak detector	Vacuum pump adaptor				
Torque wrench	Electronic refrigerant				
	charging scale				

Handle tools with care.

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

Do not use a charging cylinder.

If a charging cylinder is used, the composition of refrigerant will change and the efficiency will be lowered.

Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.

Use the specified refrigerant only.

Never use any refrigerant other than that specified. Doing so may cause a burst, an explosion, or fire when the unit is being used, serviced, or disposed of. Correct refrigerant is specified in the manuals and on the spec labels provided with our products. We will not be held responsible for mechanical failure. system malfunction, unit breakdown or accidents caused by failure to follow the instructions.



[3] Service tools

Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R410A refrigerant.

No.	Tool name	Specifications		
1	Gauge manifold	· Only for R410A		
		· Use the existing fitting specifications. (UNF1/2)		
		\cdot Use high-tension side pressure of 5.3MPa $\cdot G$ or over.		
2	Charge hose	· Only for R410A		
		· Use pressure performance of 5.09MPa·G or over.		
3	Electronic scale			
4	Gas leak detector	· Use the detector for R134a, R407C or R410A.		
5	Adaptor for reverse flow check	· Attach on vacuum pump.		
6	Refrigerant charge base			
0	Refrigerant cylinder	· Only for R410A · Top of cylinder (Pink)		
		· Cylinder with syphon		
8	Refrigerant recovery equipment			

PARTS NAMES AND FUNCTIONS

3-1. Indoor unit

3



3-2. Wireless remote controller



SPECIFICATIONS

4

<u> </u>								
	Service F	Ref.			PKA-RP3	SHAL		
					PKA-RP35HALR1			
					FRA-RF33NALR1-ER			
	Mode				Cooling	Heating		
	Power su	pply (phase, cycle, v	oltage)		Single phase,	50Hz, 230V		
		Input		kW	0.04	0.03		
		Running current		A	0.40	0.30		
I.	External f	inish (Panel)			Munsell 1.0	Y 9.2/0.2		
Ę	Heat exch	nanger			Plate fir	n coil		
	Fan	Fan Fan (drive) × No.			Line flow fan	(direct) × 1		
١٣ ا	Fan motor output			kW	0.03	0.030		
ŏ	Airflow (Low-Mid		-High)	m³/min (CFM)	9-10.5-12 (32)	9-10.5-12 (320-370-425)		
Ш	External static pressure		sure	Pa (mmAq)	0 (direct	blow)		
-	Booster h	eater		kW	-	_		
	Operation	control & Thermost	at		Wireless remote controller & built-in			
	Noise lev	el (Low-Middle-High)	dB	36-40-	-43		
	Field drain pipe I.D.		mm (in)	16 (5/	(8)			
	Dimensio	ns	W	mm (in)	898 (35	-3/8)		
		D		mm (in)	249 (9-1	3/16)		
			Н	mm (in)	295 (11	-5/8)		
	Weight		kg (lb)	13 (29	9)			

	Service F	Ref.			PKA-RP5	50HAL		
					PKA-RP50HALR1			
					PRA-RPOURALR1-ER			
	Mode				Cooling	Heating		
	Power su	pply (phase, cycle, v	oltage)		Single phase, s	50Hz, 230V		
		Input		kW	0.04	0.03		
		Running current		A	0.40	0.30		
	External f	inish (Panel)			Munsell 1.0	Y 9.2/0.2		
Ę	Heat exch	nanger			Plate fir	n coil		
D	Fan Fan (drive) × No.				Line flow fan (direct) × 1			
К		Fan motor output		kW	0.03	0.030		
ŏ		Airflow (Low-Middle-High)		m³/min (CFM)	9-10.5-12 (32)	9-10.5-12 (320-370-425)		
	External static pres		sure	Pa (mmAq)	0 (direct	0 (direct blow)		
=	Booster heater		kW	_	_			
	Operation	n control & Thermost	at		Wireless remote co	Wireless remote controller & built-in		
	Noise lev	el (Low-Middle-High)	dB	36-40-	-43		
	Field drai	n pipe I.D.		mm (in)	16 (5/	(8)		
	Dimensio	ns	W	mm (in)	898 (35	-3/8)		
			D	mm (in)	249 (9-1	3/16)		
			Н	mm (in)	295 (11-	-5/8)		
	Weight		kg (lb)	13 (29)				

5-1. SOUND LEVELS

5



S	ound level at anechoic room : Low-Middle-High
Model	Sound level dB (A)
PKA-RP35/50HAL	36 - 40 - 43

* Measured in anechoic room.

5-2. NOISE CRITERION CURVES



OUTLINES AND DIMENSIONS

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OCH453A

WIRING DIAGRAM

PKA-RP35HAL PKA-RP35HALR1 PKA-RP35HALR1-ER

PKA-RP50HAL PKA-RP50HALR1 PKA-RP50HALR1-ER

[Explanation of symbols]

	•			
Γ	Symbol	Name	Symbol	Name
Γ	.В	Indoor controller board	М	Vane motor
L	CN2L	Connector (LOSSNAY)	MS	Fan motor
L	CN32	Connector (Remote switch)	S.W	Switch board
L	CN41	Connector (HA terminal-A)	SWE2	Emergency operation
L	CN51	Connector (Centrally control)	TB2	Terminal block(Indoor unit Power (option))
L	CN90	Connector (Remote operation adapter)	TB4	Terminal block (Indoor/outdoor connecting line)
L	DSA	Surge absorber	TB5	Terminal block (Remote controller transmission line(option))
L	FUSE	FUSE(T3.15AL250V)	TH1	Room temp. Thermistor
L	LED1	Power supply (I.B)		(0°C/15KΩ, 25°C/5.4KΩ Detect)
L	LED2	Power supply (R.B)	TH2	Pipe temp. Thermistor/liquid
L	LED3	Transmission (Indoor-outdoor)		(0°C/15KΩ, 25°C/5.4KΩ Detect)
L	SW1	Switch (Model selection) *See table 1	TH5	Cond./eva. temp. Thermistor
L	SW2	Switch (Capacity code) *See table 2		(0°C/15KΩ, 25°C/5.4KΩ Detect)
L	SWE	Connector (Emergency operation)	W.B	Pcb for wireless remote controller
L	X1	Relay (Drain pump (option))	LED1	LED (Operation indication : Green)
L	ZNR01,02	Varistor	LED2	LED (Preparation for heating: Orange)
L	CNP	Drain pump (option) power supply	REC1	Receiving unit
L		(Drain pump (option))	DCL	REACTOR
	CN4F	Drain float switch (Drain pump (option))	DP	DRAIN PUMP (OPTION)
F	R.B	Wired remote controller(option)	FS	DRAIN FLOAT SWITCH (OPTION)
	TB6	Terminal block (Remote controller transmission line)		· · · ·



- 1. Symbols used in wiring diagram above are, <a>o : Connector, <a>Terminal (block).
- 2. Indoor and outdoor connecting wires have polarities, make sure to match terminal
- numbers (S1, S2, S3) for correct wirings. 3. Since the outdoor side electric wiring may change, be sure to check the outdoor unit electric wiring diagram for servicing.

4. This diagram shows the wiring of indoor and outdoor connecting wires. (specification of 230V), adopting superimposed system for power and signal. *1: When work to supply power separately for indoor and outdoor units apply, refer to Fig 1. *2: For power supply system of this unit, refer to the caution label located near this diagram. S2

S3

INDOOR/OUTDOOR COMMUNICATION

BRN

I.B

60

1 3

CN3C(BLU)

TO OUTDOOR

UNIT

REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM

PKA-RP35HAL PKA-RP35HALR1 PKA-RP35HALR1-ER

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PKA-RP50HAL PKA-RP50HALR1 PKA-RP50HALR1-ER



9-1. TROUBLESHOOTING

<Check code displayed by self-diagnosis and actions to be taken for service (summary)>

Present and past check codes are logged, and they can be displayed on the wired remote controller or controller board of outdoor unit. Actions to be taken for service, which depends on whether or not the trouble is reoccurring in the field, are summarized in the table below. Check the contents below before investigating details.

Unit conditions at service	Check code	Actions to be taken for service (summary)
The trouble is reoccurring.	Displayed	Judge what is wrong and take a corrective action according to "9-3. SELF-DIAGNOSIS ACTION TABLE".
	Not displayed	Conduct troubleshooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble according to "9-4. TROUBLESHOOTING BY INFERIOR PHENOMENA".
The trouble is not reoccurring.	Logged	 Consider the temporary defects such as the work of protection devices in the refrigerant circuit including compressor, poor connection of wiring, noise, etc. Re-check the symptom, and check the installation environment, refrigerant amount, weather when the trouble occurred, matters related to wiring, etc. Reset check code logs and restart the unit after finishing service. There is no abnormality in electrical component, controller board, remote controller, etc.
	Not logged	 Re-check the abnormal symptom. Conduct troubleshooting and ascertain the cause of the trouble according to "9-4. TROUBLESHOOTING BY INFERIOR PHENOMENA". Continue to operate unit for the time being if the cause is not ascertained. There is no abnormality concerning of parts such as electrical component, controller board, remote controller, etc.

9-2. MALFUNCTION-DIAGNOSIS METHOD BY REMOTE CONTROLLER

<In case of trouble during operation>

When a malfunction occurs to air conditioner, both indoor unit and outdoor unit will stop and operation lamp blinks to inform unusual stop.

<Malfunction-diagnosis method at maintenance service>



Refer to the	e following tables	for details on the	e check codes.				
Beener sounds	Been	Been Poon Poo	n Reen Reen				
beeper sourius	пп	Беер Беер Бее					
OPERATION	UL	1 st 2 nd 3 rd	(, nth 1st 2nd · · · Repeated				
lamp flash	↔ ← Off	→ On On On	On Off On On				
Self-check Approx. 2.5 sec. 0.5 sec.							
(S	Start signal Numb	er of flashes/beeps i	n pattern indicates the check Number of flashes/beeps in pattern indicates				
	code i	n the following table	(i.e., n=5 for "P5") the check code in the following table				
Output patte	ern B]						
Beeper sounds	Веер		Веер Веер Веер Веер Веер	p			
	пп			Repeated			
INDICATOR -				ropoutou			
lamp flash	Off	On	On On On On Off On On O	1			
Si	elf-check Approx. 2.5 sec	. Approx. 3 sec.	U.5 sec. U.5 sec. U.5 sec. U.5 sec. Approx. 2.5 sec. Approx. 3 sec. U.5 sec	sec.			
(5	Start signal	Num	abor of flashes/happa in pattern indicates the sheek.				
re	eceived)	cod	e in the following table (i.e., n=5 for "U2")	following table			
			5,	5			
[Output patte	ern A] Errors dete	cted by indoor u	nit				
Wireless r	emote controller	Wired remote controller					
Beeper sou	inds/OPERATION		Symptom	Domork			
INDICATO	OR lamp flashes	Check code	Symptom	Remark			
(Num	ber of times)						
· · · ·	1	P1	Intake sensor error				
	· ·	P2	Pipe (TH2) sensor error				
	2	PQ	Pipe (TH5) sensor error				
	2		Indeer/outdeer unit communication error				
	3						
	4	P4	Drain sensor error/Float switch connector (CN4F) open				
	5	P5 Drain pump error					
	•	PA	Forced compressor stop(due to water leakage abnormality)				
	6	P6	Freezing/Overheating protection operation				
	7	EE	Communication error between indoor and outdoor units				
	8	P8	Pipe temperature error				
	9	E4, E5	Remote controller signal receiving error	1			
	10	-	-				
	11	-	-				
	12	Fh	Indoor unit control system error (memory error, etc.)				
	14	PI	Abnormal refrigerant circuit				
	_	F0 F3	Remote controller transmission error				
	_	E0, E0	Remote controller control board error				
Output patte	ern BJ Errors dete	cted by unit othe	er than indoor unit (outdoor unit, etc.)				
Wireless r	emote controller	Wired remote controller					
Beeper sou	inds/OPERATION		Symptom	Remark			
INDICATO	OR lamp flashes	Check code	Cymptoni	rtemant			
(Numl	ber of times)						
	1	50	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error				
	I	E9	(Transmitting error) (Outdoor unit)				
	2	UP	Compressor overcurrent interruption]			
	3	U3.U4	Open/short of outdoor unit thermistors				
	4	UF	Compressor overcurrent interruption (When compressor locked)				
	· ·	0.	Abnormal high discharging temperature//9C worked/	the LED display			
	5	U2	Abhormal high discharging temperature/49C worked/				
			Abnormal high processor (62H worked) (Overheating	controller board.			
6 U1.Ud Abiointa nigh pressure (63H worked)/Overneating As for a		As for outdoor					
			Abnormal temporature of best sink				
	7	U5	Abnormal temperature of heat sink outdoor unit's				
	8	U8	Outdoor unit fan protection stop service manual.				
	9	U6	Compressor overcurrent interruption/Abnormal of power module				
	10	U7	Abnormality of super heat due to low discharge temperature				
	11		Abnormality such as overvoltage or voltage shortage and				
	ľ1	09,0H	abnormal synchronous signal to main circuit/Current sensor error				
	12	-	-	1			
	13	-	_	1			
	14	Others	Other errors (Refer to the technical manual for the outdoor unit.)	1			
	17						

Notes: 1. If the beeper does not sound again after the initial 2 beeps to confirm the self-check start signal was received and the OPERATION INDICATOR lamp does not come on, there are no error records.
 2. If the beeper sounds 3 times continuously "beep, beep, beep (0.4 + 0.4 + 0.4 sec.)" after the initial 2 beeps to confirm the self-check start signal was received, the specified refrigerant address is incorrect.
 On wireless remote controller
 On wired remote controller
 Check code displayed in the LCD.

•	If the unit	cannot b	be operated	properly	after t	est run.	refer to the	e following	table to	find the	cause.
-		cumotic	operated.	property	uncin	cot run,					cause.

	Symptom	Cause		
Wired remote contr	oller	LED 1, 2 (PCB in outdoor unit)	Cause	
PLEASE WAIT	For about 2 minutes after power-on	After LED 1, 2 are lighted, LED 2 is turned off, then only LED 1 is lighted. (Correct operation)	•For about 2 minutes following power-on,op- eration of the remote controller is not possible due to system start-up. (Correct operation)	
PLEASE WAIT \rightarrow Check code	Subsequent to about 2 minutes	Only LED 1 is lighted. \rightarrow LED 1, 2 blink.	 Connector for the outdoor unit's protection device is not connected. Reverse or open phase wiring for the outdoor unit's power terminal block (L1, L2, L3) 	
Display messages do not appear even when operation switch is turned ON (operation lamp does not light up).	after power-on	Only LED 1 is lighted. \rightarrow LED 1 blinks twice, LED 2 blinks once.	 Incorrect wiring between indoor and outdoor units (incorrect polarity of S1, S2, S3) Remote controller wire short 	

On the wireless remote controller with conditions above, following phenomena take place.
No signals from the remote controller can be received.
Operation lamp is blinking.
The buzzer makes a short ping sound.

Note: Operation is not possible for about 30 seconds after cancellation of function selection. (Correct operation)

For description of each LED (LED1, 2, 3) provided on the indoor controller, refer to the following table.

LED1 (power for microcomputer)	Indicates whether control power is supplied. Make sure that this LED is always lit.
LED2 (power for remote controller)	Indicates whether power is supplied to the remote controller. This LED lights only in the case of the indoor unit which is connected to the outdoor unit refrigerant addresses "0".
LED3 (communication between indoor and outdoor units)	Indicates state of communication between the indoor and outdoor units. Make sure that this LED is always blinking.

9-3. SELF-DIAGNOSIS ACTION TABLE Note: Errors to be detected in outdoor unit, such as codes starting with F, U or E (excluding E0 to E7), are not covered in this document. Please refer to the out-door unit's service manual for the details.

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
	Room temperature thermistor (TH1)	 Defective thermistor 	①-③ Check resistance value of thermistor.
	 The unit is in 3-minute resume 	characteristics	0°C15.0 kΩ
	prevention mode if short/open of	② Contact failure of connector	10°C9.6 kΩ
	thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the	(CN20) on the indoor controller	20°C6.3 kΩ
	unit does not reset normally after 3 min-	board (Insert failure)	30°C4.3 kΩ
	utes. (The unit returns to normal opera-	③ Breaking of wire or contact	40°C3.0 kΩ
	tion, if it has been reset normally.)	failure of thermistor wiring	If you put force on (draw or bend) the lead wire
	② Constantly detected during cooling,	④ Defective indoor controller	with measuring resistance value of thermis-
	drying, and heating operation.	board	tor, breaking of wire or contact failure can be
	Short: −90°C or more		detected.
	Open: -40°C or less		② Check contact failure of connector (CN20)
P1			on the indoor controller board. Refer to "9-7.
			TEST POINT DIAGRAM".
			Turn the power on again and check restart
			after inserting connector again.
			④ Check room temperature display on remote
			controller.
			Replace indoor controller board if there is
			abnormal difference with actual room
			temperature.
			·····
			Turn the power off and on again to operate
			after check.
	Pine temperature thermistor/Liquid	1) Defective thermister	1 @ Chock registeres value of thermister
	(TH2)		Eor characteristics, refer to (P1) above
	1) The unit is in 3-minute resume	Contact failure of connector	Charle contact failure of connector (CN14)
	prevention mode if short/open of	(CN44) on the indoor controller	on the indoor controller board. Refer to "9-7
	thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the	board (Insert failure)	TEST POINT DIAGRAM"
	unit does not reset normally after 3 min-	(3) Breaking of wire or contact	Turn the power on and check restart after
	utes (The unit returns to normal opera-	failure of thermistor wiring	inserting connector again
	tion if it has been reset normally)	Defective refrigerant circuit is	Check pipe <liquid> temperature with remote</liquid>
	⁽²⁾ Constantly detected during cooling	causing thermistor temperature	controller in test run mode. If nine <liquid></liquid>
P2	drving and heating (except defrosting)	of 90°C or more or $-40°C$ or	temperature is extremely low (in cooling
. –	operation	less	mode) or high (in heating mode) refrigerant
	Short 90°C or more	© Defective indoor controller	circuit may have defective
	Open: -40° or less	board	© Check pipe cliquid> temporature with
		board	remote controller in test run mode. If there is
			extremely difference with actual nine <liguid></liguid>
			temperature, replace indoor controller board
			Turn the power off, and on again to operate
			after check.
	Contact failure of drain float switch	① Contact failure of connector	① Check contact failure of float switch connector.
	(CN4F)	(Insert failure)	Turn the power on again and check after
	• Extract when the connector of drain float		inserting connector again.
D4	switch is disconnected.		② Operate with connector (CN4F) short-
F4	(③ and ④ of connector CN4F is not	② Defective indoor controller	circuited.
	short-circuited.)	board	Replace indoor controller board if abnormality
	 Constantly detected during operation 		reappears.
	Drain over flow protection operation	1 Malfunction of drain pump	Check if drain-up machine works
	① Suspensive abnormality if drain float	[®] Defective drain	Check drain function
	switch is detected to be underwater for	Clogged drain pump	
	1 minute and 30 seconds continuously	Clogged drain pipe	
	with drain pump on.	③ Defective drain float switch	⁽³⁾ Remove drain float switch connector CN4F
	Compressor and indoor fan will be	Catch of drain float switch or	and check if it is short (Switch On) with the
	turned off	malfunction of moving parts	moving part of float switch LIP or OPEN with
	② Drain nump is abnormal if the condition	cause drain float switch to be	the moving part of float switch down
	above is detected during suspensive	detected under water (Switch	Replace float switch if it is short with the
	abnormality	On)	moving part of float switch down
P5	③ Constantly detected during drain pump	Defective indoor-controller	Replace indoor controller board if it is short-
	operation	board	circuited between (3–4) of the drain float
	- P		switch connector CN4F and abnormality
			reappears.
			It is not abnormal if there is no problem about
			the above-mentioned ①-④.
			Turn the power off, and on again to operate
			after check.

	Absorbed point and datastics mathed	0	Countermocours
Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
	 Preezing/overneating protection is working Freezing protection (Cooling mode) The unit is in 6-minute resume prevention mode if pipe liquid or condenser/ evaporator> temperature stays under ~15°C for 3 minutes, 3 minutes after the compressor started. Abnormal if it stays under ~15°C for 3 minutes again within 16 minutes after 6-minute resume pre- vention mode. 	 (Cooling of dying mode) Clogged filter (reduced airflow) Short cycle of air path Low-load (low temperature) operation out of the tolerance range Defective indoor fan motor Fan motor is defective. Indoor controller board is defec- tive. 	 (Cooling of drying mode) Check clogs of the filter. Remove shields. Refer to "9-6. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS".
P6	② Overheating protection (Heating mode) The unit is in 6-minute resume prevention mode if pipe <liquid con-<br="" or="">denser/evaporator> temperature is detected as over 70°C after the com- pressor started. Abnormal if the tem- perature of over 70°C is detected again within 30 minutes after 6-minute resume prevention mode.</liquid>	 Defective outdoor fan control Overcharge of refrigerant Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs) (Heating mode) Clogged filter (reduced airflow) Short cycle of air path Over-load (high temperature) operation out of the tolerance range Defective indoor fan motor Fan motor is defective. Indoor controller board is defec- tive. Defective outdoor fan control Overcharge of refrigerant Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs) Bypass circuit of outdoor unit is defective. 	 ⑤ Check outdoor fan motor. ⑥ Check operating condition of refrigerant circuit. (Heating mode) ① Check clogs of the filter. ⑧ Remove shields. ④ Refer to "9-6. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS". ⑤ Check outdoor fan motor. ⑥-⑧Check operating condition of refrigerant circuit.
P8	Pipe temperature <cooling mode=""> Detected as abnormal when the pipe tem- perature is not in the cooling range 3 min- utes after compressor start and 6 minutes after the liquid or condenser/evaporator pipe is out of cooling range. Note 1: It takes at least 9 minutes to detect. Note 2: Abnormality P8 is not detected in drying mode. Cooling range: -3°C ≧ (TH-TH1) TH: Lower temperature between liquid pipe temperature (TH2) and condenser/ evaporator temperature (TH5) TH1: Intake temperature <heating mode=""> When 10 seconds have passed after the compressor starts operation and the hot adjustment mode has finished, the unit is detected as abnormal when condenser/ evaporator pipe temperature is not in heat- ing range within 20 minutes. Note 3: It takes at least 27 minutes to detect abnormality. Note 4: It excludes the period of defrosting. (Detection restarts when defrosting mode is over.)</heating></cooling>	 Slight temperature difference between indoor room temperature and pipe <liquid or condenser/evaporator> temperature thermistor</liquid Shortage of refrigerant Disconnected holder of pipe <liquid <br="" condenser="" or="">evaporator> thermistor</liquid> Defective refrigerant circuit Converse connection of extension pipe (on plural units connection) Converse wiring of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire (on plural units connection) Defective detection of indoor room temperature and pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature thermistor</condenser> Stop valve is not opened completely. 	 ①-④ Check pipe <liquid condenser="" evaporator="" or=""> temperature with room temperature display on remote controller and outdoor controller circuit board. Pipe <liquid condenser="" evaporator="" or=""> temperature display is indicated by setting SW2 of outdoor controller circuit board as follows.</liquid></liquid> (Conduct temperature check with outdoor controller circuit board after connecting 'A-Control Service Tool(PAC-SK52ST)'.) ②Check converse connection of extension pipe or converse wiring of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire.
	Heating range: 3°C ≦ (TH5−TH1)		

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Course	Countermoscure
Спеск соде	Pipe temperature thermistor/		Countermeasure
Ρ9	 Condenser-Evaporator (TH5) The unit is in 3-minute resume protection mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not get back to normal within 3 minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has been reset normally.) Constantly detected during cooling, drying, and heating operation (except defrosting) Short: 90°C or more Open: -40°C or less 	 belective infinition characteristics Contact failure of connector (CN44) on the indoor controller board (Insert failure) Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring Temperature of thermistor is 90°C or more or -40°C or less caused by defective refrigerant circuit. Defective indoor controller board 	 ①-③ Check resistance value of thermistor. For characteristics, refer to (P1) above. ② Check contact failure of connector (CN44) on the indoor controller board. Refer to "9-7. TEST POINT DIAGRAM". Turn the power on and check restart after inserting connector again. ④ Operate in test run mode and check pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature with outdoor controller circuit board. If pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature is extremely low (in cooling mode) or high (in heating mode), refrigerant circuit may have defect.</condenser></condenser> ⑤ Operate in test run mode and check pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature with outdoor control circuit board. If there is extreme difference with actual pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature, replace indoor controller board. There is no abnormality if none of above comes within the unit. Turn the power off and on again to operate. In case of checking pipe temperature with outdoor controller circuit board, be sure to connect A-control service tool (PAC-SK52ST).</condenser></condenser>
PL	 Abnormal refrigerant circuit During Cooling, Dry, or Auto Cooling operation, the following conditions are regarded as failures when detected for 1 second. a)The compressor continues to run for 30 or more seconds. b)The liquid pipe temperature or the condense/evaporator temperature is 75°C or more. These detected errors will not be cancelled until the power source is reset. 	 Abnormal operation of 4-way valve Disconnection of or leakage in refrigerant pipes Air into refrigerant piping Abnormal operation (no rotation) of indoor fan Defective fan motor. Defective indoor control board. Defective refrigerant circuit (clogging) 	 When this error occurs, be sure to replace the 4-way valve. Check refrigerant pipes for disconnection or leakage. After the recovery of refrigerant, vacuum dry the whole refrigerant circuit. Refer to "9-6-2. DC fan motor (fan motor/ indoor controller circuit board". Check refrigerant circuit for operation. To avoid entry of moisture or air into refrigerant circuit which could cause abnormal high pressure, purge air in refrigerant circuit or replace refrigerant.
E0 or E4	 Remote controller transmission error(E0)/signal receiving error(E4) Abnormal if main or sub remote controller cannot receive any transmission normally from indoor unit of refrigerant address "0" for 3 minutes. (Check code: E0) Abnormal if sub remote controller could not receive any signal for 2 minutes. (Check code: E0) Abnormal if indoor controller board can not receive any data normally from remote controller board or from other indoor controller board for 3 minutes. (Check code: E4) Indoor controller board cannot receive any signal from remote controller for 2 minutes. (Check code: E4) 	 Contact failure at transmission wire of remote controller All remote controllers are set as "sub" remote controller. In this case, E0 is displayed on remote controller, and E4 is displayed at LED (LED1, LED2) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Miswiring of remote controller Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board of refrigerant addresses "0". Noise has entered into the transmission wire of remote controller. 	 Check disconnection or looseness of indoor unit or transmission wire of remote controller. Set one of the remote controllers "main" if there is no problem with the action above. Check wiring length: max. 500 m (Do not use cable x 3 or more.) The number of connecting indoor units: max. 16 units The number of connecting remote control- ler: max. 2 units When it is not the above-mentioned problem of 0-3 Diagnose remote controllers. a) When "RC OK" is displayed, Remote controllers have no problem. Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality generates again, replace indoor controller board. When "RC NG" is displayed, Replace remote controller. When "RC NG" is displayed, Replace remote controller. When "RC S" or "ERC 00-66" is dis- played, noise may be causing abnormality. Note: If the unit is not normal after replacing indoor controller board in group control, indoor control- ler board of address "0" may be abnormal.

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
	Remote controller transmission error(E3)/signal receiving error(E5) ① Abnormal if remote controller could not find blank of transmission path for 6 sec- onds and could not transmit.	 ① 2 remote controllers are set as "main." (In case of 2 remote con- trollers) 	 Set a remote controller to main, and the other to sub.
E3 or E5	 (Check code: E3) (Check code: E3) (Check code: E3) (Check code: and transmitted data. Abnormal if these data are judged to be different 30 continuous times. (Check code: E5) (Check code: E5) (Check	 2 Remote controller is connected with only one indoor unit. 3 The address changes to a separate setting. 4-6 Diagnose remote controller. a) When "RC OK" is displayed, remote controllers have no problem. Turn the power off,and on again to check. When becoming abnormal again, replace indoor controller board. b) When "RC NG" is displayed, replace remote controller. c) When "RC E3" or "ERC 00-66" is displayed, noise may be causing abnormality. 	
E6	 Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Signal receiving error) Abnormal if indoor controller board cannot receive any signal normally for 6 minutes after turning the power on. Abnormal if indoor controller board cannot receive any signal normally for 3 minutes. Consider the unit abnormal under the fol- lowing condition: When 2 or more indoor units are connected to an outdoor unit, indoor controller board cannot receive a signal for 3 minutes from outdoor controller circuit board, a signal which allows outdoor controller circuit board to transmit signals. 	 Contact failure, short circuit or, miswiring (converse wiring) of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board Noise has entered into indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire. 	Check LED display on the outdoor control circuit board. (Connect A-control service tool, PAC-SK52ST.) Refer to outdoor unit service manual. (1) Check disconnection or looseness of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire of indoor unit or outdoor unit. Check all the units in case of twin triple indoor unit system. (2)-(3) Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality generates again, replace indoor controller board or outdoor controller circuit board. Note: Other indoor controller board may have defect in the case of twin triple indoor unit system.
E7	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Transmitting error) Abnormal if "1" receiving is detected 30 times continuously though indoor controller board has transmitted "0".	 Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board Noise has entered into power supply. Noise has entered into outdoor control wire. 	^① − ^③ Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality generates again, replace indoor controller board.
Fb	Indoor controller board Abnormal if data cannot be read normally from the nonvolatile memory of the indoor controller board.	① Defective indoor controller board	① Replace indoor controller board.
E1 or E2	 Remote controller control board Abnormal if data cannot be read normally from the nonvolatile memory of the remote controller control board. (Check code: E1) Abnormal if the clock function of remote controller cannot be operated normally. (Check code: E2) 	① Defective remote controller	① Replace remote controller.

Check code	Abnormal point and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
	Forced compressor stop	① Drain pump trouble	① Check the drain pump.
	 The unit has a water leakage abnormality The unit has a water leakage abnormality when the following conditions, a) and b), are satisfied while the abovementioned detection is performed. 	 Drain defective Drain pump clogging Drain pipe clogging 	② Check whether water can be drained.
	a) The intake temperature subtracted with liquid pipe temperature detects	③ Open circuit of float switch	③ Check the resistance of the float switch.
	to be less than -10°C for a total of 30 minutes. (When the drain sensor is detected to be NOT soaked in the	④ Contact failure of float switch connector	④ Check the connector contact failure.
PA	 water, the detection record of a) and b) will be cleared.) b) Drain float switch detects to be in the water for more than 15 minutes. Note: Once the water leakage abnormality is detected, abnormality state will not be 	 Dew condensation on float switch Drain water descends along lead wire. Drain water is waving due to filter clogging. 	⑤ Check the float switch leadwire mounted. Check the filter clogging.
	released until the main power is reset.	Extension piping connection difference at twin, triple or quadruple system	⑥ Check the piping connection.
		⑦ Miswiring of indoor/outdoor connecting at twin, triple or quadruple system	⑦ Check the indoor/outdoor connecting wires.
		Room temperature thermistor/ liquid pipe temperature thermis- tor detection is defective.	③ Check the room temperature display of remote controller. Check the indoor liquid pipe temperature dis- play of outdoor controller board.

9-4. TROUBLESHOOTING BY INFERIOR PHENOMENA

Phenomena	Cause	Countermeasure
1)LED2 on indoor controller board is off.	• When LED1 on indoor controller board is also off. ① Power supply of rated voltage is not supplied to out-	① Check the voltage of outdoor power
	door unit.	 supply terminal block (L, N) or (L₃, N). When 220–240 V AC is not detected, check the power wiring to outdoor unit and the breaker. When 220–240 V AC is detected, check (2) (below). Check the voltage between outdoor terminal block S1 and S2. When 220–240 V AC is not detected, —check the fuse on outdoor controller circuit board. —check the wiring connection. When 220–240 V AC is detected, check
	③ Power supply of 220–240 V is not supplied to indoor unit.	 ③ (below). ③ Check the voltage between indoor terminal block S1 and S2. When 220–240 V AC is not detected, check indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire for miswiring. When 220–240 V AC is detected, check ④ (below).
	Defective indoor controller board	 Generation (control). Check the fuse on indoor controller board. Check the wiring connection. If no problem is found, indoor controller board is defective.
	(For the separate indoor/outdoor unit power sup-	
	 ply system) Power supply of 220–240 V AC is not supplied to indoor unit. 	 Check the voltage of indoor power supply terminal block (L,N). When 220–240 V AC is not detected, check the power supply wiring. When 220–240 V AC is detected, check detected, che
	② The connectors of the optional replacement kit are not used.	 Check (2) (below). Check that there is no problem in the method of connecting the connectors. When there are problems in the method of connecting the connectors, connect the connector correctly referring to installation manual of an optional kit. When there is no problem in the meth-
	③ Defective indoor controller board	od of connecting the connectors, check ③ (below). ③ Check the fuse on indoor controller board. Check the wiring connection. If no problem is found, indoor controller board is defective.
	 When LED1 on indoor controller board is lit. Mis-setting of refrigerant address for outdoor unit (There is no unit corresponding to refrigerant address "0".) 	 Check again the setting of refrigerant address for outdoor unit. Set the refrigerant address to "0". (For grouping control system under which 2 or more outdoor units are connected, set one of the units to "0".) Set refrigerant address using SW1 (3-6) on outdoor controller circuit board.

Note: Refer to the outdoor unit's service manual for the detail of remote controller.

Note: Refer to the outdoor unit's service manual for the detail of remote controller.

Phenomena	Cause	Countermeasure
(2)LED2 on indoor controller board is blinking.	When LED1 on indoor controller board is also blinking. Connection failure of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire	Check indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire for connection failure.
	 When LED1 is lit. Miswiring of remote controller wires Under twin triple indoor unit system, 2 or more indoor units are wired together. 	① Check the connection of remote con- troller wires in case of twin triple indoor unit system. When 2 or more indoor units are wired in one refrigerant system, connect remote controller wires to one of those units.
	 Refrigerant address for outdoor unit is wrong or not set. Under grouping control system, there are some units whose refrigerant addresses are 0. 	② Check the setting of refrigerant address in case of grouping control system. If there are some units whose refrigerant addresses are 0 in one group, set one of the units to 0 using SW1 (3-6) on outdoor controller circuit board.
	 ③ Short-circuit of remote controller wires ④ Defective remote controller 	 ③④ Remove remote controller wires and check LED2 on indoor controller board. When LED2 is blinking, check the short-circuit of remote controller wires. When LED2 is lit, connect remote controller wires again and: if LED2 is blinking, remote controller is defective; if LED2 is lit, connection failure of remote controller terminal block, etc. has returned to normal.
(3)Upward/downward vane performance failure	 The vane is not downward during defrosting and heat preparation and when the thermostat is OFF in HEAT mode. (Working of COOL protection function) Vane motor does not rotate. Defective vane motor Breaking of wire or connection failure of connector Upward/downward vane does not work. The vane is set to fixed position. 	 Normal operation (The vane is set to horizontal regardless of remote control.) Check @ (left). Check the vane motor. (Refer to "How to check the parts".) Check for breaking of wire or connec- tion failure of connector. Normal operation (Each connector on vane motor side is disconnected or set- ting the fixed vanes by wired remote controller.)
(4)Receiver for wireless remote controller	 Weak batteries of wireless remote controller Contact failure of connector (CNB) on wireless remote controller board (Insert failure) Contact failure of connector (CN90) on indoor con- troller board (Insert failure) Contact failure of connector between wireless remote controller board and indoor controller board 	 Replace batteries of wireless remote controller. (2)-(4) Check contact failure of each connector. If no problems are found of connector, replace indoor controller board. When the same trouble occurs even if indoor controller board is replaced, replace wireless remote controller board.

9-5. EMERGENCY OPERATION

9-5-1. When wireless remote controller fails or its battery is exhausted



When the remote controller cannot be used

When the batteries of the remote controller run out or the remote controller malfunctions, the emergency operation can be done using the emergency buttons.

- B Operation lamp (GREEN)
- © Emergency operation switch (cooling/heating)
- Receiver
 Receiver
- Each press of the emergency operation switch will toggle the operation mode.
- Check "COOL/HEAT" with the operation monitor display. (The display will appear orange for 5 seconds after pressing the emergency operation switch.)

[Heat pump type]



[Cooling Only type]

Cooling Stop

Operation Monitor Display

	GREEN	ORANGE	
STOP	0	0	The orange lamp follows the switch operation
COOL	•	0	as indicated at the left for 5 seconds, and
HEAT	•	•	then it will return to the normal display.

○ Turning off ● Lighting

Details of emergency mode are as shown below.

Operation Mod	COOL	HEAT
Set Temperature	24°C	24°C
Fan Speed	High	High
Airflow Direction Up and Down	Horizontal	Downward

9-5-2. When wired remote controller or indoor unit microcomputer fails

 When the wired remote control or the indoor unit microcomputer has failed, but all other components work properly, if you set the switch (SWE) on the indoor controller board ON, the indoor unit will begin Emergency Operation. When Emergency Operation is activated, the indoor unit operates as follows:

(1) Indoor fan is running at high speed. (2) Drain pump is working. (option)

Note on the wireless remote control

When the remote control does not function, it is possible to activate Emergency Operation by using the indoor unit Emergency Operation switch.

However, if the indoor unit microcomputer has failed, it is nesessary to proceed with points 2 and 3 below as in the case of the wired remote control.

- 2. When you activate Emergency Operation of the cooling or heating, you have to set the switch (SWE) on the indoor controller board and activate Emergency Operation of the outdoor unit. For details on how to activate Emergency Operation of the outdoor unit, refer to the outdoor unit wiring diagram.
- 3. Before you activate Emergency Operation, check the following points:
 - (1) Emergency Operation cannot be activated when:
 - the outdoor unit malfunctions. the indoor fan malfunctions.
 - it has detected the malfunction of drain-up machine during self-diagnosing.
 - (2) Emergency Operation becomes continuous only by switching the power source on/off. ON/OFF on the remote control or temperature control, etc. does not function.
 - (3) Avoid operating for a long time when the outdoor unit begins defrosting
 - while Emergency Operation of the heating is activated, because it will start to blow cold air.
 - (4) Emergency cooling should be limited to 10 hours maximum (The indoor unit heat exchanger may freeze).
 - (5) After Emergency Operation has been deactivated, set the switches, etc. to their original positions.
 - (6) Movement of the vanes does not work in Emergency Operation, therefore you have to slowly set them manually to the appropriate position.

9-6. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS PKA-RP35HAL PKA-RP50HAL PKA-RP35HALR1 PKA-RP50HALR1 PKA-RP35HALR1-ER PKA-RP50HALR1-ER

Parts name	Check points					
Room temperature thermistor (TH1)	Disconnect the connector then measure the resistance using a tester. (At the ambient temperature 10 to 30°C)					
Pipe temperature thermistor/liquid (TH2)	Normal	Normal Abnormal Refer to "9-6-		to "9-6-1. Thermistor"	9-6-1. Thermistor".	
Condenser / Evaporator temperature thermistor	4.3 to 9.6	<u>ג</u> Ω C	Open or short			
(TH5)						
Vane motor (MV)	Measure the r	resistance betw	veen the termin	hals using a t	ester. (Coil temperatu	ure 25℃)
2 Red	Normal		Abnormal			
(a) Yellow (1) Brown (1) Brown	①-② Brown-Red	1-3 Brown-Orange	1-4 Brown-Yellow	①-⑤ Brown-Green	Open or short	
f Orange Green Connect pin No. ③ ⑤	350Ω ± 7%					
Fan motor (MF)	Refer to "9-6-2. DC Fan motor (fan motor/indoor controller circuit board)".					

9-6-1. Thermistor



9-6-2. DC Fan motor (fan motor/indoor controller circuit board)

Check method of DC fan motor (fan motor/indoor controller circuit board) ⁽⁾ Notes

· High voltage is applied to the connecter (CNMF) for the fan motor. Pay attention to the service.

- · Do not pull out the connector (CNMF) for the motor with the power supply on.
- (It causes trouble of the indoor controller circuit board and fan motor.)
- ② Self check

Symptom : The indoor fan cannot turn around.





9-8. FUNCTIONS OF DIP SWITCH AND JUMPER WIRE

Each function is controlled by the DIP switch and the jumper wire on the indoor controller board.

		``````````````````````````````````````	
Jumper wire	Functions	Setting by the dip switch and jumper wire	Remarks
SW1	Model settings	MODELS SETTING PKA-RP·HAL	
SW2	Capacity settings	MODELS     SETTING       PKA-RP35HAL     1 2 3 4 5 0 0FF       PKA-RP50HAL     1 2 3 4 5 0 0FF	
J41 J42	Pair number setting with wireless remote controller	Wireless remote controller settingControl PCB setting0 $\bigcirc$ 1 $\times$ 2 $\bigcirc$ 3 ~ 9 $\times$	<initial setting=""> Wireless remote controller: 0 Control PCB: ○ (for both J41 and J42) 4 pair number settings are supported. The pair number settings of the wireless remote controller and indoor control PCB (J41/J42) are given in the table on the left. ('×' in the table indicates the jumper wire is dis- connected.)</initial>
JP3	Indoor controller board type setting	Indoor controller board type         JP3           For product         O           Service parts         O	○ : With JP3 × : Without JP3

### (Marks in the table below) Jumper wire ( $\bigcirc$ : Short $\times$ : Open)

### 10-1. ROTATION FUNCTION(AND BACK-UP FUNCTION, 2ND STAGE CUT-IN FUNCTION)

Optional wired remote controller with terminal bed (PAR-21MAAT-E) are necessary for PKA type. 10-1-1. Operation

### (1) Rotation function (and Back-up function)

### Outline of functions

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- Main and sub unit operate alternately according to the interval of rotation setting. Main and sub unit should be set by refrigerant address. (Outdoor DIP switch setting) Refrigerant address"00" —> Main unit Refrigerant address"01" —> Sub unit
- · When an error occurs to one unit, another unit will start operation. (Back-up function)

### System constraint

- This function is available only by the grouping control system(INDOOR UNIT : OUTDOOR UNIT=1:1) of 2 refrigerant groups. (Refer to Fig. 1)
- Main indoor unit should be connected for wired remote controller and the transmission line (TB5) for main and sub unit should also be connected. (Refer to Fig. 1)
- (This function cannot be set by wireless remote controller.)
- · Set refrigerant address of each unit. (DIP switch on the outdoor unit---Refrigerant address 00/01)



### Note:

- · When the unit is restarted to operate after turning off the power or OFF operation, the unit which was operating will start operation.
- To operate the main unit, refer to "10-1-2. How to set rotation function(Back-up function, 2nd stage cut-in function)" and set the requet code No. which is not the same as the current one, then set again the former request code No.

### (2) 2nd stage cut-in function

### Outline of functions

- When the 1st unit can NOT supply with sufficient capacity for exceptionally high-demand conditions and the actual room temperature reaches set point(*), the 2nd unit starts operation in conjunction with the 1st unit.
- · Once the actual room temperature goes down to 4°C below set point(*), the 2nd unit stops operation automatically.
- (* set point = set temperature by R/C (remote controller) + 4, 6, 8°C (selectable))
- $\cdot$  Number of operating units is determined according to the room temperature and set point.
- $\cdot$  When room temperature becomes higher than set point, standby unit starts. (2 units operation)
- $\cdot$  When room temperature falls below set point –4°C, standby unit stops. (1 unit operation)

### System constraint

· This function is available only in cooling mode.



### 10-1-2. How to set rotation function(Back-up function, 2nd stage cut-in function)

You can set these functions by wired remote controller.(Maintenance monitor)

### - NOTICE -

Both main and sub unit should be set in same setting. Every time replacing indoor controller board for servicing, the function should be set again.

### (1) Request Code List

### Rotation setting

Setting No. (Request code)	Setting contents	Initial setting
No.1 (310)	Monitoring the request code of current setting	
No.2 (311)	Rotation and Back-up OFF (Normal group control operation)	0
No.3 (312)	Back-up function only	
No.4 (313)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 1day) and back-up function	
No.5 (314)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 3days) and back-up function	
No.6 (315)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 5days) and back-up function	
No.7 (316)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 7days) and back-up function	
No.8 (317)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 14days) and back-up function	
No.9 (318)	Rotation ON (Alternating interval = 28days) and back-up function	

### 2nd unit cut-in setting

Setting No. (Request code)	Setting contents	Initial setting
No.1 (320)	Monitoring the request code of current setting	
No.2 (321)	Cut-in function OFF	0
No.3 (322)	Cut-in function ON (Set point = Set temp.+ 4°C[7.2°F]	
No.4 (323)	Cut-in function ON (Set point = Set temp.+ 6°C[10.8°F]	
No.5 (324)	Cut-in function ON (Set point = Set temp.+ 8°C[14.4°F]	

### (2) Setting method of each function by wired remote controller



- B: Refrigerant address
- C: Data display area
- D: Request code display area

- 1. Stop operation(①).
- 2. Press the TEST button (②) for 3 seconds so that [Maintenance mode] appears on the screen (④). After a while, [00] appears in the refrigerant address number display area.(at 
  ③ )
- Press the CHECK button (③) for 3 seconds to switch to [Maintenance monitor].
   Note) It is not possible to switch to [Maintenance monitor] during data request in maintenance mode (i.e., while "----" is blinking) since no buttons are operative.

[----] appears on the screen ( $\mathbb{O}$ ) when [Maintenance monitor] is activated. (The display ( $\mathbb{O}$ ) now allows you to set a request code No.)

4. Press the [TEMP (  $\bigcirc$  and  $\bigcirc$  )] buttons (④) to select the desired refrigerant address.



5. Press the [CLOCK ( $\bigcirc$ ) and  $\bigcirc$ )] buttons ((5)) to set the desired request code No.("311–318", "321–324")

6. Press the FILTER button ([®]) to perform function setting. If above setting operations are done correctly, "Request code number will appear in data display area.([©]) [Example: When the "311" of "Request code number" is set, [311] appears on the screen.([©])]

### [Reference]

You can check current "request code number" setting by setting the "request code number" ("310" or "320") and pressing the (FILTER) button. (6)

[Example: When the current setting is "Setting No.2(Request code 311)", [311] appears on the screen.(©)]

7. To return to normal mode, press the  $\bigcirc OON/OFF$  button  $(\bigcirc)$ .

# DISASSEMBLY PROCEDURE

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### **PKA-RP35HAL PKA-RP50HAL** PKA-RP35HALR1 **PKA-RP50HALR1** PKA-RP35HALR1-ER **PKA-RP50HALR1-ER** Be careful when removing heavy parts. **OPERATION PROCEDURE PHOTOS & ILLUSTRATIONS** 1. Removing the lower side of the indoor unit from the Figure 1 installation plate (1) Remove the front panel. (2) Insert the screw driver to the corner hole at both left and right side as shown in the figure 1. Push (3) Push it up, then pull down the lower side of indoor unit and remove the hook. Corner hole Be careful not to damage the airflow adjustment plate with the Push Down screw driver. 2. Removing the front panel Photo 1 (1) Press and unlock the knobs on both sides of the front panel and lift the front panel until it is level. Pull the hinges Vane Front panel forward to remove the front panel. (See Photo 2) (2) Move the horizontal vanes in a downward direction. (3) Remove the screw caps of the panel. Remove the screws. (See Photo 1) (4) Hold the lower part of both ends of the panel and pull it slightly toward you, and then remove the panel by pushing it upward. Screw caps Photo 2







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